## CISC 3250 Systems Neuroscience

## Matlab, part 4:

 Projection/Correlation AnalysesProfessor Daniel Leeds
dleeds@fordham.edu
JMH 332

## Matrices in matlab

```
A= [1 2; 3 4];
```

A= [1 2; 3 4];
$\mathrm{b}=[4 ; 5]$;
What is $A * b$ ?
Transpose: [4; 5] == [4 5]'
$a^{\prime}$ flips rows and columns
Matrices in matlab
b= [4; 5];
What is A*b?

```

\section*{Matrix math}
\[
\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
\mid & \mid & \mid \\
v_{1} & v_{2} & v_{3} \\
\mid & \mid & \mid
\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{l}
x \\
y \\
z
\end{array}\right]=x v_{1}+y v_{2}+z v_{3}
\]

Assuming right matrix is a single column
In general, \# of left matrix columns must equal \# of right matrix rows

LOC localizer: experimental design
Each second:
- new object OR

Localize part of brain selective for object pictures

Our data: "block design"
Rapid sequence of objects Pause
Rapid sequence of noise
- new noise OR



\section*{Building the voxel response General Linear Model}

Design matrix M
- On/off information O
- Constant offset C
- Linear drift L

Measured voxel output \(v \quad\left[\begin{array}{lll}v_{t=1} & v_{t=2} \cdots & v_{t=93}\end{array}\right]^{\top}\)
\[
M=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
\mid & \mid & \mid \\
0 & C & L \\
\mid & \mid & \mid
\end{array}\right] \quad M\left[\begin{array}{l}
\beta_{o} \\
\beta_{c} \\
\beta_{L}
\end{array}\right]=v \quad B=M^{-1} v
\]

\section*{Comparing vectors}

Can compare 2 vectors
- by correlating corr (a,b)
- between -1 and 1
- high |correlation| = high connection between vectors
- by multiplying \(\mathrm{a} * \mathrm{~b}{ }^{\prime}\)
- high product \(=\) high similarity

\section*{Scatter-plots}

Visualizing how two variables vary together
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline Reaction time & Cortical response \\
\hline 100 & 10 \\
\hline 45 & 25 \\
\hline 150 & 6 \\
\hline 30 & 15 \\
\hline 125 & 14 \\
\hline 33 & 12 \\
\hline 200 & 3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{Convolution in Matlab}

Think of a 1-D input and 1-D pattern


Check if 1-D pattern matches (multiply and add) at different windows of the input
```

