```
When not otherwise specified, blocks of code provided for a given question are assumed to be the sole
contents of the int main() function for a new program specifically written for that question (and
ending with return 0;). For example, if I give you a block of code:
string a = "Fred";
cout << "Hello" << a;</pre>
I am really asking you to consider a program:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
string a = "Fred";
cout << "Hello" << a;</pre>
return 0;
}
What is the output of this code?
int a=3, b;
float c;
```

```
c=2.1;
b=c*a;
cout << b;
```

```
Let us consider the following code:
int g;
cin >> g;
if(!(g<=5))
cout << "Output 1";
else
cout << "Output 2";</pre>
```

Describe the type (or types) of values for g that cause this code to display Output 1 g needs to be greater than 5

Re-write the above code with proper indentation.

Re-write the above code, removing the ! symbol.

```
Let us consider the following code:
int d=6%4;
float m=3.2;
m /= d;
cout >> d >> endl;
cout >> m;
```

Identify any compiler errors in the code.

Presuming the compiler errors are fixed (if there are any), what would be the output of this code? 2 1.6

Presuming the compiler errors are fixed (if there are any), what would be the output if the third line said m = d+2i rather than m /=di?

Let us consider the following code: int a,b,c; a=4; b=6; c=a-b; b=12; a==4; cout << a << "+" << b << "=" <<c;

Which statement declares the variable b? int a,b,c;

Which statement initializes the variable a?

What is the output of this code?

```
Let us consider the following code, to output a greeting to the screen multiple times:
int a,b;
a=4;
while(a>2);
{cout << Hello world;
a--;}
```

Identify any errors in the code above, and how to fix them. For each error (there may be only one error, or no errors!), say if it is a compile error or a run-time error.

```
The Hello world line needs quotation marks to prevent a compiler error:
{cout << "Hello world";
To ensure the output is repeated multiple times inside the while loop, the ; after while(a>2); must
be deleted:
while(a>2)
```

Rewrite the code with proper indenting.

Write a do-while loop that will have the same output as the one above, presuming any errors are fixed first.

Let us consider an example run of the following program. Note, text in red underline is user input.

```
>./myProgram
Give me a number: 1234
1234
>
```

Write the code (just the inside of the int main() function) for myProgram.cpp.

Provide three different variable types that can be used to hold the user input.

What is an escape sequence that can be used in your code for myProgram.cpp ? We can use the escape sequence n to insert a new line.

Let us consider example runs of the following program. It takes a positive integer number input n and outputs the result of multiplying that number by itself n times. For example, if a user gives the number 3, the output will be the result of 3x3x3, which is 27. Note, text in red underline is user input.

```
>./myProgram
Give me a number: 2
4
>./myProgram
Give me a number: 3
27
>./myProgram
Give me a number: 4
256
>
```

Presuming we do not check whether the input number is positive, write the code for myProgram.cpp .

Write the condition for an if statement to determine if the input number is positive. If the input number is called inputNum, with can test it being positive with inputNum>0

Write a test for the input number being positive that can be used in a switch statement.

```
Consider the following code:

char d='e', e='c', f='n';

if(d=='e')

f=d;

cout << "d and e are equal" << endl;

f=f--;

cout << f;
```

What is the output of the above code?

```
What would the output of the code be if the condition for the if statement was d=e? d and e are equal d
```

We want to create a variable indicating whether someone is old enough to vote in the country they live in. Countries are represented by single letters. In Canada (represented by C), the voting age is 18. In Nicaragua (represented by N), the voting age is 16. In Singapore (represented by S), the voting age is 21. Presume we have a variable for country and a variable for age.

What type should the country variable be?

```
What type should the age variable be?
```

How can we define the old-enough-to-vote variable in one line (based on the age and country variables)?

```
oldEnough = Country=='C'&&age>=18 || Country=='N'&&age>=16 ||
Country=='S'&&age>=21;
```

Let us consider example runs of the following program. It takes a number as input and counts up three times by 4.

```
>./myProgram
Enter starting number: 3
3 7 11 15
>./myProgram
Enter starting number: -2.5
-2.5 1.5 5.5 9.5
>
Variate the code for myProgram and
```

Write the code for $\ensuremath{\mathsf{myProgram.cpp}}$.

```
Consider the following code:
int age;
char freePass;
cout << "What is your age? ";
cin >> age;
cout << "Do you have a free pass? ";
cin >> freePass;
if(age>=18||age<80&&freePass!='N') {
int age;
cout << "You get in for free" << endl;
age = 20;
}
cout << "You are " << age << " years old\n";</pre>
```

Under what conditions will the message "You get in for free" appear?

Presuming the "You get in for free" message appears, what number will be displayed in the "You are ??? years old" message?

The number will be whatever number the user entered (the variable age inside the if statement is a separate variable in a smaller scope of the code).